



Sleep Hygiene Checklist

Bedtime Routine:		
\bigcirc	Establish a consistent sleep schedule by going to bed and waking up at the same times each day, even on weekends.	
\bigcirc	Create a relaxing bedtime routine to signal your body that it's time to wind down, such as reading a book or taking a warm bath.	
\bigcirc	Avoid stimulating activities before bed, such as watching TV or using electronic devices with bright screens.	
\bigcirc	Keep your bedroom cool, dark, and comfortable for sleeping.	
\bigcirc	Invest in a comfortable mattress and pillows that provide proper support.	
Diet and Nutrition:		
\bigcirc	Avoid heavy or large meals close to bedtime.	
\bigcirc	Limit caffeine and alcohol intake, especially in the hours leading up to sleep.	
\bigcirc	Be mindful of your fluid intake to reduce nighttime awakenings for bathroom trips.	
\bigcirc	Consider a light, healthy snack if you're hungry before bed, but avoid sugary or spicy foods.	
Physical Activity:		
\bigcirc	Engage in regular physical activity, but avoid strenuous exercise close to bedtime.	
\bigcirc	Incorporate relaxation exercises, such as yoga or deep stretching, into your evening routine.	
\bigcirc	Outdoor activities and exposure to natural light during the day can help regulate your sleepwake cycle.	
Sleep Environment:		
\bigcirc	Keep your bedroom as quiet as possible, using earplugs or a white noise machine if necessary.	
\bigcirc	Use blackout curtains or an eye mask to block out external light sources.	
\bigcirc	Ensure your bedroom is well-ventilated for optimal air quality.	
\bigcirc	Remove distractions like TVs, computers, and work-related materials from the bedroom.	



Mind and Stress Management:		
\bigcirc	Manage stress through relaxation techniques, such as meditation, deep breathing exercises, or progressive muscle relaxation.	
\bigcirc	Keep a journal to jot down any worries or racing thoughts before bedtime.	
\bigcirc	If you can't fall asleep within 20-30 minutes, get out of bed and engage in a quiet, non-stimulating activity until you feel sleepy.	
Technology Use:		
\bigcirc	Limit screen time before bed, as the blue light emitted from devices can interfere with your body's production of melatonin.	
\bigcirc	If you must use electronic devices, consider using blue light filters or "night mode" settings.	
\bigcirc	Charge your devices outside of the bedroom to prevent late-night usage.	
Sleep-Friendly Activities:		
\bigcirc	Read a book or engage in a calming, non-electronic activity before bed.	
\bigcirc	Practice mindfulness or progressive muscle relaxation to calm your mind.	
\bigcirc	Listen to soothing music or nature sounds to promote relaxation.	
\bigcirc	Consider using aromatherapy, such as lavender essential oil, to create a relaxing atmosphere in your bedroom.	
Medication and Supplements:		
\bigcirc	Avoid self-medicating with over-the-counter or prescription sleep medications without consulting a healthcare professional.	
\bigcirc	Discuss any supplements or herbal remedies with your healthcare provider before use.	
Consult a Healthcare Professional:		
\bigcirc	If you continue to experience sleep difficulties despite implementing good sleep hygiene practices, consider consulting a healthcare provider or sleep specialist to rule out underlying sleep disorders.	

